Unit 4, Outcome 3

MEDIA INFLUENCE

RESEARCH

RESEARCH

There are various types of research that are used to measure the extent of the influence of the media. These include -

- Quantitive research
- Qualitative research
- Longitudinal research
- Laboratory Research
- · Anecdotal evidence
- Case studies

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These are regarded as the more credible and more more reputable ways of researching media influence and effects

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Anecdotal evidence is usually very weak and is based on little else but speculation and often 'media panics'.

Case studies also have many weaknesses so be aware of their limitations.

There are various types of research that are used to measure the extent of the influence of the media. These include -

- Quantitive research-
- Ratings
- Qualitative research
- Surveys
- Statistics

Feedback

- Longitudinal research
- Questionnaires
- Laboratory Research
- Anecdotal evidence
- measurements of media influence Quick to collect and compile

Not widely seen to be accurate

Case studies

RESEARCH

There are various types of research that are used to measure the extent of the influence of the media. These include -

- Quantitive research
- Longer interviews
- Qualitative research
- Continued discussions incorporates culture, ethnicity, gender etc. into
- Longitudinal research
- These are regarded to be much more credible and include more recent ways of thinking about media influence.
- Laboratory Research
- Time consuming and difficult to
- Anecdotal evidence
- compare.

Case studies

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- Studies that have been conducted over a long period of time
- e.g. Fashbach & Singer
- Natural environments
- Many uncontrollable variables.

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- Studies that have been conducted in a laboratory.
- e.g. Bandura's 'BoBo Doll' experiment, Berkowitz's Shock treatment.
- Unnatural setting
- Controlled variables & perfectly replicated

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 Discussion of the media based on personal stories, hearsay and 'Moral Panics'

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- Alleged examples of where the media may/may not have had some influence
- i.e. Columbine, Sandy Charles, Sun Smart
- Not based on empirical research

Bandura, Ross & Ross
Feshbach & Singer
Berkowitz

BANDURA'S BOBO DOLLS

- 1963
- Laboratory study
- Professors Bandura, Ross & Ross
- Kindergarten aged students from university creche
- Children observed adults attacking a BoBo doll
- Children placed in similar room and observed
- Imitation of violence strong, particularly if rewarded

FESHBACH AND SINGER

- 1971
- Longitudinal study in a field setting
- the boys (two groups) were required to watch a minimum of six hours of television a week for six weeks. They had to include certain programs from a designed list. One group had 'aggressive' programs, the other had 'non aggressive'
- They were then required to indicate on a rating form how much they enjoyed and were effected by the show.
- Results support idea of catharsis, as those boys watching the 'aggressive' television had reduced levels of aggression.
- Majority of research does not support Feshbach and Singer's findings.

CASE STUDIES

War of the Worlds

Nazi Germany

CASE STUDIES

Warlock

Sandy Charles murders 7 year old in Canada (1996)

Columbine High School Massacre

Marilyn Manson/Doom

CASE STUDIES

Grand Theft Auto IV

Teenager in Thailand kills taxi driver (2008)

Manhunt

Warren Leblanc kills 14 year old in UK (2004)

CASE STUDIES

TAC

Drink Drive campaign reduces deaths (2007)

Sun Smart

CASE STUDIES

Grim Reaper

1980's AIDS TV Ad

Positive

- Catharsis Hypothesis
- Crime Does Not Pay Hypothesis

Negative

- Desensitisation
- Copy Cat Killings
- Mean World/Streets Hypothesis